

SDG Goal 11	Sustainable cities and communities
SDG Target 11.3	By 2030, enhance inclusive and sustainable urbanization and capacity for participatory, integrated and sustainable human settlement planning and management in all countries
SDG Indicator 11.3.1	Ratio of land consumption rate to population growth rate
Time series	Ratio of land consumption rate to population growth rate (year-to-year)

1. General information on the time series

- Date of national metadata: 04 November 2021
- National data: <http://sdg-indikatoren.de/en/11-3-1/>
- Definition: The time series measures the relation of land use and the development of the population.
- Disaggregation: Not available.

2. Comparison with global metadata

- Date of global metadata: March 2021
- Global metadata: <https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/metadata/files/Metadata-11-03-01.pdf>
- The time series is not compliant with the global metadata. The time series provides information on the ratio of land consumption rate to population growth rate for the entire country and not only for urban areas.

3. Data description

- Population growth rate is the increase of a population in a country during a period, usually one year, expressed as a percentage of the population at the start of that period. It reflects the number of births and deaths during a period and the number of people migrating to and from a country. The data are collected by the latest population census.

Data on population are the results of the latest population census (currently: 2011 Census) rolled forward in a breakdown by sex, age, marital status and citizenship, using both statistics of population change (migration, births, deaths, entering into marriages or registered same-sex partnerships) and information on changes in citizenship and the dissolution of marriages or registered same-sex partnerships. Before 2011, updated census data from 1987 (Federal Republic of Germany) and the population register of October 1990 (German Democratic Republic) were used. For the years before 2011 the results for population were calculated backwards using the census 2011 and migration, birth and death statistics.

Land consumption includes the usage types buildings and open spaces, commercial/industrial land (except mining), transport land, recreational land and cemeteries. This indicator does not focus on sealed land, but also records undeveloped and non-sealed land such as gardens, yard areas and landscaping around transport infrastructure as well as open spaces such as parks and green spaces, allotments, garden landscape within towns and villages, sports and recreational facilities, camp sites as well as cemeteries.

The data is collected by the area survey by type of actual use in the public land survey registers of the Länder. Until 2015 the catalogue was based on the nomenclature of the automated real estate books (ALB). Since 2016 the ALKIS type of use catalogue is applied, due to a methodological change.

4. Accessibility of source data

- Average population: sex, age – GENESIS online 12411-0041:
<https://www-genesis.destatis.de/genesis//online?operation=table&code=12411-0041&bypass=true&language=en>
- Housing and transport area – GENESIS online 33111-0005:
<https://www-genesis.destatis.de/genesis//online?operation=table&code=33111-0005&bypass=true&levelindex=1&levelid=1630489451493#abreadcrumb>

5. Metadata on source data

- Quality Report - Microcensus 2020 (only available in German):
<https://www.destatis.de/DE/Methoden/Qualitaet/Qualitaetsberichte/Bevoelkerung/mikrozensus-2020.pdf>
- Quality Report - Area survey by Type of Actual Use (only available in German):
<https://www.destatis.de/DE/Methoden/Qualitaet/Qualitaetsberichte/Land-Forstwirtschaft-Fischerei/flaechenerhebung.pdf>

6. Timeliness and frequency

- Timeliness: Land consumption rate: t + 11 months
Population growth rate: t + 8 months
- Frequency: Annual

7. Calculation method

- Unit of measurement: No unit
- Calculation method:

$$\text{Ratio of land consumption rate to population growth rate} = \frac{\text{Land consumption rate [\%]}}{\text{Population growth rate [\%]}}$$

SDG Goal 11	Sustainable cities and communities
SDG Target 11.3	By 2030, enhance inclusive and sustainable urbanization and capacity for participatory, integrated and sustainable human settlement planning and management in all countries
SDG Indicator 11.3.1	Ratio of land consumption rate to population growth rate
Time series	Proportion of settlement and transport areas to population

1. General information on the time series

- Date of national metadata: 04 November 2021
- National data: <http://sdg-indikatoren.de/en/11-3-1/>
- Definition: The time series “Proportion of settlement and transport areas to population” measures the relation land used as settlement and transport area in relation to the population, in detail the amount of square kilometre of settlement and transport area per inhabitant.
- Disaggregation: Not available.

2. Comparison with global metadata

- Date of global metadata: March 2021
- Global metadata: <https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/metadata/files/Metadata-11-03-01.pdf>
- The time series is not compliant with the global metadata, but provides additional information.

3. Data description

- Settlement and transport area per inhabitant declines with rising population density. Settlement and transport area are not be compared with sealed area, because they also cover untilled and unsealed areas e.g. for sport or recovery.
The settlement and transport area is collected by the area survey by type of actual use in the public land survey registers of the Länder. Until 2015 the catalogue was based on the nomenclature of the automated real estate books (ALB). Since 2016 the ALKIS type of use catalogue is applied, due to a methodological change.
The development of the population reflects the number of births and deaths during a period and the number of people migrating to and from a country. The data are collected by the latest population census in 2011.
Data on population are the results of the latest population census (currently: 2011 Census) rolled forward in a breakdown by sex, age, marital status and citizenship, using both statistics of population change (migration, births, deaths, entering into marriages or registered same-sex partnerships) and information on changes in citizenship and the dissolution of marriages or registered same-sex partnerships. Before 2011, updated census data from 1987 (Federal Republic of Germany) and the population register of October 1990 (German Democratic Republic) were used. For the years before 2011 the results for population were calculated backwards using the census 2011 and migration, birth and death statistics.

4. Accessibility of source data

- Average population: sex, age – GENESIS online 12411-0041:
<https://www-genesis.destatis.de/genesis//online?operation=table&code=12411-0041&bypass=true&language=en>
- Housing and transport area – GENESIS online 33111-0005:
<https://www-genesis.destatis.de/genesis//online?operation=table&code=33111-0005&bypass=true&levelindex=1&levelid=1630489451493#abreadcrumb>

5. Metadata on source data

- Quality Report - Microcensus 2020 (only available in German):
<https://www.destatis.de/DE/Methoden/Qualitaet/Qualitaetsberichte/Bevoelkerung/mikrozensus-2020.pdf>
- Quality Report - Area survey by Type of Actual Use (only available in German):
<https://www.destatis.de/DE/Methoden/Qualitaet/Qualitaetsberichte/Land-Forstwirtschaft-Fischerei/flaechenerhebung.pdf>

6. Timeliness and frequency

- Timeliness: Settlement and transport area: t + 11 months
Population: t + 8 months
- Frequency: Annual

7. Calculation method

- Unit of measurement: 2015 = 100
- Calculation method:

$$\text{Proportion of settlement and transport areas to population} = \frac{\text{Settlement and transport area [2010 = 100]}}{\text{Population [2010 = 100]}} \cdot 100 [\%]$$

SDG Goal 11

Sustainable cities and communities

SDG Target 11.3

By 2030, enhance inclusive and sustainable urbanization and capacity for participatory, integrated and sustainable human settlement planning and management in all countries

SDG Indicator 11.3.1

Ratio of land consumption rate to population growth rate

Time series

Land consumption rate

1. General information on the time series

- Date of national metadata: 04 November 2021
- National data: <http://sdg-indikatoren.de/en/11-3-1/>
- Definition: The time series land consumption rate measures the annual rate at which cities uptake land for urbanized usage. Human settlement areas in this context include the land use types of dwelling and housing, commercial and industrial sites (except open pit mining areas), transportation networks, and sport, leisure, cultural and recreational areas as well as cemeteries. These areas include buildings and associated land as well as open spaces under the named usages. The time series does not focus only on sealed surfaces, but also includes non-sealed and directly associated land of the above mentioned land use types. It contains also gardens, yard areas, parks and green spaces, allotment gardens, or camp sites.
- Disaggregation: Not available.

2. Comparison with global metadata

- Date of global metadata: March 2021
- Global metadata: <https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/metadata/files/Metadata-11-03-01.pdf>
- The time series is not compliant with the global metadata, but provides additional information. It is relevant for calculating the ratio.

3. Data description

- The data are gained as part of the area survey of the Federal Statistical Office, which categorizes the surface by land cover or land use. The main categories are settlement, transportation, vegetation and water surfaces, which are further subdivided into different subtypes. The area survey as a total calculation is based on administrative data of the Official Real Estate Cadastre of the Länder (federal states).
Until 2015, the data was derived from the old Automated Real Estate Books (ALB). Since 2016 the Authoritative Real Estate Cadastre Information System (ALKIS) is used nation-wide in all Länder. With that semantic change a new land use type catalogue was applied. Therefore, a data comparison between the reference year 2016 and earlier years leads partly to inconsistencies. From 2016 on the time line is consistent again.

4. Accessibility of source data

- Soil area (actual use): reference date (until 2015-12-31), types of use – GENESIS online 33111-0003:
<https://www-genesis.destatis.de/genesis//online?operation=table&code=33111-0003&bypass=true&language=en>
- Soil area (actual use): types of use – GENESIS online 33111-0001:
<https://www-genesis.destatis.de/genesis//online?operation=table&code=33111-0001&bypass=true&language=en>
- Housing and transport area – GENESIS online 33111-0005:
<https://www-genesis.destatis.de/genesis//online?operation=table&code=33111-0005&bypass=true&levelindex=1&levelid=1630489451493#abreadcrumb>

5. Metadata on source data

- Quality Report - Area survey by Type of Actual Use (only available in German):
<https://www.destatis.de/DE/Methoden/Qualitaet/Qualitaetsberichte/Land-Forstwirtschaft-Fischerei/flaechenerhebung.pdf>

6. Timeliness and frequency

- Timeliness: t + 11 months
- Frequency: Annual

7. Calculation method

- Unit of measurement: Percentage
- Calculation method:

$$\text{Land consumption rate} = \left(\frac{\text{Settlement and transport areas}_t [\text{km}^2]}{\text{Settlement and transport areas}_{t-1} [\text{km}^2]} - 1 \right) \cdot 100 [\%]$$

t = present year

t - 1 = past year

SDG Goal 11 Sustainable cities and communities

SDG Target 11.3 By 2030, enhance inclusive and sustainable urbanization and capacity for participatory, integrated and sustainable human settlement planning and management in all countries

SDG Indicator 11.3.1 Ratio of land consumption rate to population growth rate

Time series Population growth rate

1. General information on the time series

- Date of national metadata: 04 November 2021
- National data: <http://sdg-indikatoren.de/en/11-3-1/>
- Definition: The population growth rate measures the annual increase of a population in a country.
- Disaggregation: Not available.

2. Comparison with global metadata

- Date of global metadata: March 2021
- Global metadata: <https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/metadata/files/Metadata-11-03-01.pdf>
- The time series is not compliant with the global metadata, but provides additional information. It is relevant for calculating the ratio.

3. Data description

- Population growth rate is the increase of a population in a country during a period, usually one year, expressed as a percentage of the population at the start of that period. It reflects the number of births and deaths during a period and the number of people migrating to and from a country. The data are collected by the latest population census.

Data on population are the results of the latest population census (currently: 2011 Census) rolled forward in a breakdown by sex, age, marital status and citizenship, using both statistics of population change (migration, births, deaths, entering into marriages or registered same-sex partnerships) and information on changes in citizenship and the dissolution of marriages or registered same-sex partnerships. Before 2011, updated census data from 1987 (Federal Republic of Germany) and the population register of October 1990 (German Democratic Republic) were used. For the years before 2011 the results for population were calculated backwards using the census 2011 and migration, birth and death statistics.

4. Accessibility of source data

- Average population: sex, age – GENESIS online 12411-0041:
<https://www-genesis.destatis.de/genesis//online?operation=table&code=12411-0041&bypass=true&language=en>

5. Metadata on source data

- Quality Report - Microcensus 2020 (only available in German):
<https://www.destatis.de/DE/Methoden/Qualitaet/Qualitaetsberichte/Bevoelkerung/mikrozensus-2020.pdf>

6. Timeliness and frequency

- Timeliness: t + 8 months
- Frequency: Annual

7. Calculation method

- Unit of measurement: Percentage
- Calculation method:

$$\text{Population growth rate} = \left(\frac{\text{Population}_t [\text{number}]}{\text{Population}_{t-1} [\text{number}]} - 1 \right) \cdot 100 [\%]$$

t = present year

t - 1 = past year